

CUBAN TREATY MAY NEVER BE RATIFIED.

Its Opponents Claim Administration Cannot Get Necessary Two-Thirds Vote.

FULL TEXT OF THE MEASURE.

Twenty Per Cent Tariff Reduction Granted to Cuba in Return for Important Trade Coucessions on Her Part.

The Republic Bureau, 14th St. and Pennsylvania Ave Washington, Dec. 25.-Below is given the text of the Cuban treaty yet pending in the Senate. It will be fought by the Senators who opposed and defeated in the last session the bill proposing a 20-pear-cent reduction on Cuban products. It will be supported generally by administration Senators, but its opponents claim that the necessary two-thirds vote for ratification will ! not be secured. The treaty would provide: Article 1. During the term of this convention, all articles of merchandise being the product of one soil or industry of the United States which we now imported into the Republic of Cahn free

SPECIAL CONCESSIONS.

SPECIAL CONCESSIONS

Acticle 4 Luring the term of this convention
the following articles of inerchandles, as emumented and described in the existing customs
larif of the Republic of Cuba, being the product
of the sol or industry of the United States, imported into Casa, shall be admitted at the folleading respective reductions of the rates of duty
thereon, as now provided in the customs tariff
of the Republic of Cuba.

Schedule A. To be admitted at a reflection of
twenty-five C5 per cent. Machinery and apparatus of copper or its alloys, or machines and
apparatus in which copper or its alloys enter as
the component of chief value; east iron, wrought
then and steel and manufactures thereof, articles
of crystal and glass, except window glass; cottion and manufactures thereof now classified indet paragraphs III and IIs of the customs tariff
of the Republic of Cuba; ships and water-bornevessels of all kinds, of from or steel; whisides
and brandles, fish, safted, pickled, smoked or
marinated; fish or shellien, preserved in oil or
otherwise, in this articles of pottery or earthenware now classified unde, paragraphs 21 and
27 of the customs tariff of the Republic of
Cuba.

Scheduls B, To be admitted at a reduction of

enware now classified under paragraphs il and 2 of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba.

Schedule B. To be admitted at a reduction of thirty (30) per cent; Butter, chemical and pharmaceutical products and simple drugs, malt liquors in bottles, nonalcobilic betwages, cider, mineral waters, colors and dies, window glass, complete or parily made up articles of hemp, flax, pita, jute, henequen ramie and other vegetable fibers now classified under the paragraphs of group 2, class V., of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba; musical instruments, writing and printing paper, except for newspapers; cotton and manufactures thereof, except those now classified under paragraphs if and its of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba case Schedule C), all articles of cuttery, boots, shoes and slippers now classified under paragraphs if and its of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba, gold and sliver plated ware, drawings, photographs, elographs, elographs, etc., printed from some, sinc, aluminum or other material, used as labels, flags, bands and all other papers (except papers for classics and all other papers (except papers for classics and all other papers (except papers for classics and all other papers (except papers for its paragraphs, elographs, elographs, elographs, elographs, elographs, elographs, papers for classics or ordinary scoops, now classified under paragraph 16, letters A and B of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba; common or ordinary scoops, now classified under paragraph 16, letters A and B of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba; common er ordinary scoops, now classified under paragraph 16, letters A and B of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba; common tariff of the Republic of Cuba; common er ordinary scoops, now classified under paragraph 16, letters A and B of the customs tariff of the Republic of Cuba.

Schedule C. To be admitted at a reduction of 40 per cent: Manufactures of cotton not included in the preceding schedule, cheese, fruits (preceived), junter pu

NO FEES FOR INSPECTION. NO FEES FOR INSPECTION.

Article 5. It is understood and agreed that the laws and regulations adopted, or that may be adopted, by the United States and by the Republic of Cuha, to protect their revenues and to prevent fraud in the declarations and proofs that the articles of merchandise to which this convention may apply are the product or manufacture of the United States and the Republic of Cuba, reagettively, shall not impose any additional large or fees thereof on the articles imported, excepting the consular fees established, or which may be established, by either of the two countries for issuing shipping documents, which fees

SENT HOME.

Physicians in Germany Send Patients to America for Food. Two clergymen who went to Germany last year for treatment by a noted specialist were told that they must use Grape-Nuts, made in America, at Battle Creek, Mich., for the principal part of each meal. This suggestion interested the two divines greatly, for while they knew of Grape-Nuts and that there was a large use made of the food in America, it had never come their way to try it.

A lady in Hedding, N. H., Mrs. Otis Cole, says the after effect of the grap was a serious gastric and stomach trouble. All the following summer she had many attacks of palpitation of the heart, nausea, pain, faintness, insomnia and all the other ills which accompany impaired nerve force and indigestion.

She began using Grape-Nuts to build her

faintness, insomnia and all the other ills which accompany impaired nerve force and indigestion.

She began using Grape-Nuts to build her up and found at once that the food created no disturbance, and she began to gain in strength and courage. In October she went for a visit and took Grape-Nuts with her to use each day. She gained ten pounds in weight in about four months and fully recovered her health.

She further says: "While I am now entirely well. I shall probably adhere to Grape-Nuts during the balance of my life. My brother-in-law, a practicing physician, says Grape-Nuts simmered in milk, strained and the clear liquid given, forms an ideal nourishment in cases of extreme prostration, and its stimulating effect is noticed immediately. A friend of mine, a professi nal reader, carries a package of Grape-Nuts in her hand bag, for she says the exhaustion after an evening's work will not admit of lunching on ordinary food, but tarape-Nuts food always restores her and leaves no ill effects, for the food is so-asily digested and is ready cooked, therefore a great convenience."

DOURT BROY IS CITICAL.

Butte, Mont., Dec. 25.—After a consultation of the physicians Mrs. William A. Clarke, Jr., daughter-in-law of Senator Clarke and mother of the famous "million-dollar baby." was operated upon late this afternoon.

Mrs. Clarke's physicians told the family and close friends that the patient's condition is critical, and, in fact, that life itself depended upon the successful issue of the operation.

Hold-Up Near Union Station.

Felix Margo, an Italian, who speaks but little English, reported to Policemen Murphy and Kelleher at Union Station. The power of the physician state of the physician state of the darker of the days in the hand because of the operation.

the Republic of Coba.

Atticle 7 It is agreed that similar articles of both countries shall receive equal treatment on their importation into the ports of the United States and the Republic of Cuba respectively.

Article 8. The cates of duty berein granted by the United States are the Republic of Cuba are and shall continue during the rem of this convention preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries, and, in return for add preferential rates of duty granted to the Republic of Cuba by the United States, it is agreed that the concession berein granted on the part of the said Republic of Cuba to the products of the United States shall Ricewise be, and shall continue during the term of this convenient, preferential in respect to all like imports from other countries.

SIX MONTHS NOTICE.

Article lo. It is bereby understood and agreed that in case of changes in the tartif of either country which deprive the other of the advantages which are prevented by the percentages instein agreed upon, on the actual rates of the tartiffs now in force, the country so deprived of this protection reserves the right to terminate its chigations under this convention after six months. and Republic of cluba may respon negotiations and Republic of cluba may respon negotiations with a view to securing such modifications as may supera proper to both contracting parties.

Article 11. The present convention shall be attified by the appropriate authorities of Chaissective countries, and the ratifications shall exchanged at Washington, District of Columbia 1 in 1 2 in 1 2

THE WEATHER.

Official Forecast Announced for To Day and To-Morrow.

day fair, with rising temperature in north and west portions

Eastern Texas-Pair Friday. Saturday fair, warner in northwest portion, light north to northest winds.

Iowa-Fair, continued colder Friday, except not so cold in northwest portion. Saturday fair, with rising temperature.

Illinois-Fair, continued cold Friday. Saturday fair, not so cold in north portion; fresh to brisk north winds.

Oktahoma, Arkansas and Indian Territory-Fair, continued cold Friday. Saturday fair, warmer. Western Texas Fair Friday, warmer in extreme north portion. Saturday fair. Kansas-Fair and not so cold Friday and Sat-

Local Report. St. Louis, Mo. Dec. 25, 1902
Thermometer, degrees 6:59 am 6:50 pm Direction of wind NW NW Velocity of wind 14 15 Humidity, degrees 5 16 15 Weather at 6:59 a.m. clear, at 6:58 p. m. clear, Maximum temperature, 20; minimum tem- perature, 11. River 14.5 feet.
Government Report.

Department of Agriculture, W

5	Meteorological observations r	ecel	249	1 at	St. L
	December 25, 19e2, at 6:59 p. p. m. seventy-fifth meridian	m.	loc	al t	ime ar
4	p. m. seventy-fifth meridian	tir	ne.	Ob	servati
1	Stations Dir.T Abilene	11. M	X.	Rain	Weat
•	Amend	38	++	1016	Clear
	Amarillo SE Atlanta NW Bismarck SE	22	42		Clear
	Diameter	32	1.2		Clear
	Buffala St	-19	-6		Clear
	Buffalo S Charlotte N	16	237	100	Clear
9	Chartangen	첉	110		Clear
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	Chicago NW	6	177	- 1	Snow
	Columbus	12	14		Snow Clear Fair
-	Cairo NW	99	901	0	Clour
	Calgary W Chevenine S Chevenine Cheven	24	1912		Posts.
3	Cheventie	36	5.9	****	Charge
	DuluthNW	-10	-6	255	Clothe
-	DubuqueNW	-9	10	1000	d'Belgiele
-	DavenportNW	-2	30		Snow
r.	Des Moines	(4)	4		Chenr
	DenverNW	=4	#74 47m		Clear
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1	El Paso NW Fort Smith NE Galveston NE Grand Haven N Grand Junction E Huron E	:6	64		Clear
S	Fort Smith	34	45		Clear
	GalvestonNE	58	62		Cloudy
1	Grand HavenN	22	2%	.10	Snow
	Grand Junetion E	24	22		Fair
	Huron N Havre NE				
	Helena SW		13		Clear Clear
	IndianapotisW		20.	Sec.	Clear
	Indianajonia		249	10.	Snow
	Jacksonville W Kansas City NW	2.5	200		Clear
2	Little RockXW	12 36	18		Clear
	Laninella	14	46	++++	Clear Clear Clear
	Tander SE	31	15		Ciqua
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н		24	1145		Clear
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30	Modena	44	59		Snow
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	North Platte	12	18	2000	Clear
	Omaha N Oklahoma NE Philadelphia NW		. 4	40.00	Clear
	OklahomaNE	25	34		Clear
	PhiladelphiaNW	20	34	****	Clear
	Palestine N Pittsburg NW Parkersburg W Pueblo NE	50	+10	****	Cloudy
	PittsburgNW	16	20	-14	Snow
F.	Paracisturg	28	20		Snow
П	Puebio	34	12	****	Clear
	Q Appene	-2	10	9754	Fate
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	Springfield Mo. NW	110	77	****	Cleur
	Sult Lake N	21	46	****	Clear
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	Salt Lake N Santa Pe N San Antonio N Vicksburg N	59	50 h		Clear
	Vicksburg	42	54		Clear
	Valentine E	- 2	12		(Tenr

R. J. HYATT Local Forecast Official, OPERATION ON MRS. CLARKE. Condition of Mother of "Million-Dollar Baby" Is Critical.

VETERANS WILL BURY OLD ARMY COMRADE.

John Prooks Was One of the Last of a Remarkably Long Lived Family.

APPROACHED CENTURY MARK.

Former Millinery Merchant and G. A. R. Member Came of New England Stock Not ed for Longevity.

In the death of John Brooks of No. 181. Hickory street, whose funeral will take place this morning at 9 o'clock from Jefferson Barracks under the auspices of Prank P. Blair Post of the Grand Army of the Republic, one of the last of a most emarkable family has passed away. Mr. Brooks died early Thursday morning.

He was in his eighty-seventh year. For generations back on both sides of his family few members have failed to closely approach the century mark before answering the final summons

The only exceptions were a brother and



JOHN BROOKS. The last of a remarkably long-lived family who will be buried this morning.

were of the sturdy Puritan stock, famou His father, Newton Brooks of Upton. Mass, where many representatives of

the family still live, married Miss Ela nore Newton, whose family were also famed or good health and long life. Newton Brooks, the father of Mr. Brooks died in his ninety-first year. His wife died

in her seventy-seventh year.
Of their children Joel Brooks died in his seventy-seventh year and Newton Brooks Jr., was 82 years old when he passed away Mr. Brooks's mother had a sister, Mis Mary Newton, who married William Har-rington, also of Massachusetts. Mr. Harrington died some time after he had passed the 80-year mark, and his wife died last June in her eighty-third year

Of their children, Richard Harrington dled in his eighty-ninth year, his wife, Medied in his eighty-ninth year, his wife, Melita Harrington, in her eighty-first year.

Another son, Elbridge Harrington, died
shortly after he had celebrated his seventieth birthday, and Steven Harrington is
still alive and is 81 years old.

Percy Harrington, another son, died in his
sixty-eighth year, and Addison Harrington
died younger than any of his brothers and
sisters, being 64 years old.

Mrs. Elizabeth Aldrich of No. 917 North
Nineteenth street is a direct descendant of
the Harrington family.

Mr. Rrooks was engaged for several years
in the millinery business in St. Louis, When
the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the
Fortleth Missouri Volunteers. Since the
war he has engaged in various enterprises
in East St. Louis, Upper Alton and other
places.

He is survived by two doughters. Mrs.

FORMER MERCHANT.

He is survived by two daughters. Mrs. Hattie Thiers Whedon of No. 1822 Hickory street, and Mrs. George Trix of Clinton, Canada. E. W. Thiers, chief clerk in the Big Four freight offices in East St. Louis, and Anson T. Bratt of the Norvell-Shap-leigh Hardware Company are grandeon.

reach,
Doctor Graul of No. 38 Sidney street, who
was called to attend the boy, found the

was called to attend the ooy, round the wound only slight.

Mrs. Olliger refused to have her dog killed by a policeman, saying he was chained in the yard, where he could do no harm to any person who was not trespassing on her WOMAN FRIGHTENS BURGLAR.

Mrs. Annie Abbott Chases a Man From Her House.

Mrs. Annie Abbott chased a burglar from her home at No. 948 Catalpa street about 6 o'clock yesterday merning. Mrs. Abbott heard a noise in her diningoom, and getting a pistol from a dresser

room, and getting a pistol from a dresser went to investigate without waking any of the other occupants of the house. As she reached the hallway leading into the diningroom she heard some person run out the back door. She reached the door just in time to see a man jump over the back fence and had no chance to shoot at him. Entrance had been gained to the house by forcing open the kitchen window. So far as she could find, Mrs. Abbott says nothing was taken by the burglar, whom, she believes, was frightened away before he had time to procure any valuables.

IMPRESARIO'S WIDOW IS ILL. Mrs. Henry E. Abbey at the Point

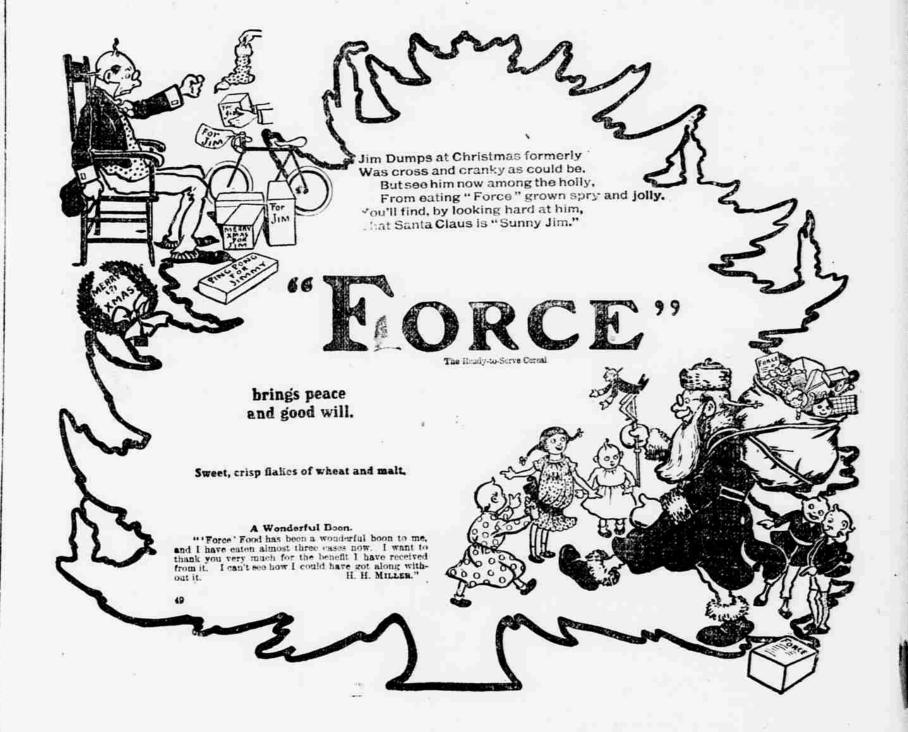
of Death in London.

SPECIAL BY CABLE. London, Dec. 25.-Ill from typhoid fever, with no sympathetic friend at hand, attended only by her maid and doctor, Mra,

ed only by her maid and doctor, Mrs. Henry E. Abbey, widow of the New York impresario, is at the point of death in her apartments in the West End.

Physicians express grave doubts as to her recovery. She came to London from Brighton three weeks ago. Her condition became perlious to-day.

During her week's illness only two persons have called. Mrs. Abbey was celebrated on the stage as Florence Gerard. The operatic stars of the world were her friends. Now she is dying, alone, in London, at Christmastide, and few do her reverence.



VEST SAYS TARIFF REDUCTION IS ONLY CURE FOR TRUSTS.

Missouri Senator Declares the Sherman Law Is the Limit of Congressional Authority Under the Constitution and Is Inadequate and Inefficient-Thinks the People Would Not Consent to a Constitutional Amendment Taking Away State Rights and Giving Them to the Federal Government.

2 PITH OF SENATOR VEST'S REMARKS ON THE TRUST EVIL AND HIS ARGUMENT THAT TARIFF REVISION IS ONLY CURE. \$

The greatest menace that threatens this country to-day is in combinations of • apital that have monopoly for their object.

The argument of the protectionists that equally great trusts exist in free-trade . · England is false, absolutely, No monopoly can exist in a great staple of commerce where competition is .

The first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an honest attempt to correct the constant of the first step in an increase of the first step in the constant of the consta The first step in an honest attempt to correct the cvils from which we suffer .

The protective tariff is intermutuality of greed. Let any attempt be made to . remove the protection afforded one industry and every industry that feeds on protection will cry out in pain.

The accredited author of the Dingley law admitted the rates were unneces-

sarily high, yet the Dingley rates are now held sacred, and their continuance is demanded by the interests that have gluttoned on them. Refusal to reduce the tariff rates leaves Congress with but weak weapons · with which to fight monopoly.

The act of 1880 represents the limit of constitutional authority of Congress to \$\infty\$

"In attempting to refute the argument

that the tariff is responsible for trusts in

this country, it is declared that equally

necessity of life of the general production.

"The English monopolies are possible be

to gain possession of the sources of supply.

commerce where competition is open to the

attempt to correct the evils from which we

suffer, is to remove the protection the

"But the Republican party will not take

this step. The protective tariff is an inter-

feeds on protection will cry out in pam.

DINGLEYS ADMISSION.

into world competition.

brief but positive manner, and turned the conversation to public questions.

On the eve of his retirement to private life, after a long career of honorable and useful public service, Senator Vest is in a position to discuss affairs of state and legisative policy with an eye single to his country's welfare.

He declared that, overshadowing all other issues in American politics, a revision of the tariff schedules as a means of curbing the growth of monopolistic corporations is forcing itself daily on the attention of the ountry. That the leaders of the Republican party contemplate such a revision of the tariff he does not for a moment be lieve. The Democratic minority in Congress, of course, cannot secure this result. This, the Senator thinks, is the issue upon which will be fought the next presidential campaign, now less than two years re-

SHERMAN LAW INADEQUATE. As a member of the Senate Judiciary Committee which gave form to the antitrust law of 1890, known as the "Sherman law," Senator Vest speaks authoritatively when he declares that, in the enactment of that measure, Congress went as far as it has power to go under the Constitution, and as one of the authors of the law, his words also are entitled to consideration when he declares that the law is inefficient and lacking in force, under the rulings of the United States Supreme Court.

At his home this evening, Senator Vest

Like a flock of English sparrows that comes noisily to the succor of one toat has emitted cries of distress, the entire protection brood will join in a chorus of protest against any change in existing fariff schedules.

talked of matters he considers vital to the country. His health is better somewhat than it recently has been and although the bordens of years and sickness have left their mark heavily upon him, his mind has lost little of the vigor that gave its possessor rank as one of the intellectual giants of the Senate.

"The greatest menace that threatens this country to-day," said Senator Vest, "is in combinations of capital that have monopoly for their object. That these trusts, as they have come to be known, owe their being largely, if not solely, to the protective

trade between States and only in the regulation of trade between the States can Congress touch the trusts.

"It is absurd that the name of the late Senator Sherman should be coupled to a measure which he conspicuously opposed and refused to vote for. In 1800 Mr. Sherman introduced from the Senate Finance Committee a bill designed to regulate trusts, but it was clearly unconstitutional in that it sought to take from the States their right to regulate their domestic commistre. The bill was referred to the Judiciary Committee, of which Senator Edmunds was chairman and of which I was a member. The Judiciary Committee took up the question and reported the antitrust measure, which became a law, but which embedled none of the essential features of the Senator, Mr. Sherman opposed it and, rather than vote for its passage, not up and left the Senate chamber.

EVASION OF ACT OF 1896.

NO FAITH IN UTILITY OF PROSECUTIONS UNDER SHERMAN ACT.

This act requires the establishing of two primary facts in order to make prosecution of a trust successful. The first is that the goods are manufactured or produced by a combination of capital monopoliistic in its tendencies and in restrain of trade, and the second is that the goods upon which action is based are in the channels of interstate commerce. The most prominent Supreme Court decision under the law was in the prosecution against the American Sugar Rethining Company, brought up from the United States Circuit Court of New Jersey. In this case the fact was established beyond dispute that the goods were manufactured by a monopoly that was in restraint of trade, but the Government failed to prove that any of the product of this monopoly was sent by it into the channels of interstate commerce.

"The simple subterfuge had been resorted to of selling the goods to a second party and of having neither responsibility for ner knowledge of what became of them after they left the factories. Resort to this subterfuge, under the Supreme Court's ruling, will at any time render the so-called Sherman law insufficient to cope with trusts.

"Tread with interest the Pittsburg speech of Attorney General Know, in which he claimed to be able to conduct successful prosecutions under these laws. The Attorney General may have resources of which I know nothing, but, as one of the auttors of the act, I do not see how it can be done.

CONGRESSIONAL AMENDMENT. nels of interstate commerce. The prominent Supreme Court decision

CONGRESSIONAL AMENDMENT.

Hattle Thiers Whedon of No. 1822 Hickory street, and Mrs. George Trix of Clinton, Canada. F. W. Thiers, chief clerk in this particular than the control of the No. 1822 Hickory and Anson T. Bratt of the Norvell-Shaptleigh Hardware Company are grandsons. He will be buried in the National Comcetery.

SAVED BOY FROM VICIOUS DOG.

Mrs. Olliger Forced Her Cauine Off of Henry Bingel.

Mrs. Olliger Forced Her Cauine Off of Henry Bingel.

Mrs. Henry Olliger of No. 253 Bismarck street Wednesday afternoon fought a large dog wined by her, which had attacked helm of the mount of the henry Bingel. Il-year-old son of Mrs. Min. Washington. Dec. 25.—The Republic extends the extreet Wednesday afternoon fought a large dog wined by her, which had attacked a large dog wined by her, which had attacked a length entire of the paths between the two yards near which the gate between the first the paths between the first the path of the paths of the paths

Kodaks, Rece Glasses.



but he hardly can control it. His influence is an the wame everywhere, seemingly, but in my own State of Missouri, and it does not seem that he can again dictate the pol-ley of the party.

"Mr. Bryan has not the elements of great

All Dyakin has not the clements of great or successful lendership. I twice voted for him because he was the party nominee, but he holds many beliefs with which I am not in sympathy and with which I do not be-lieve the Democratic party is in sympathy."

NEIGHBORS EXTINGUISH FIRE.

Mrs. Ostendorf's House Is Saved by a Bucket Brigade.

Assisted by neighbors, Mrs. Emma Ostenorf and her daughter extinguished flames in her home at No. 1847 South Thirteenth street Wednesday night before the Fire Department arrived in response to an alarm. partment arrived in response to an alarm.

The fire started in the attic. Miss Ostenderf had gone to the attic to get a dress. She lighted a candle which she placed on a table. When she returned to the lower floor she forget to extinguish the burning candle and it is believed the fire originated from it.

William Miller of No. 1847 South Fourteenth street discovered the fire. He gave an alarm and was joined by Mrs. Ostendorf, her daughter and several relighbors who formed a bucket brigade, and extinguished the blaze. The damage to the house is estimated at \$40 and to furniture \$10.

DOCTOR'S PATIENT MISSING.

Physician Requests Police to Find Emma Meister.

Doctor Fitzporter of No. 1516 Chestnut street reported to the police yesterday that Emma Meister, who had been at his home several days undergoing treatment, has disappeared. She was last seen about 8 o'clock Welnesday evening.

The physician says the woman is demented. She is described as about 23 years old, has dark hair and eyes, wore a light-colored dress, a tan-colored jacket and was bareheaded. Her home is at Keokuk, Ia.

Turkey for Each Employe. DEMOCRATIC LEADERSHIP.

"As to who will lead the Democratic party to its promised victory two years hence, no safe prediction can now be made. As the

